



Health Equity
Evidence Centre

Primary Care Equity Datapack

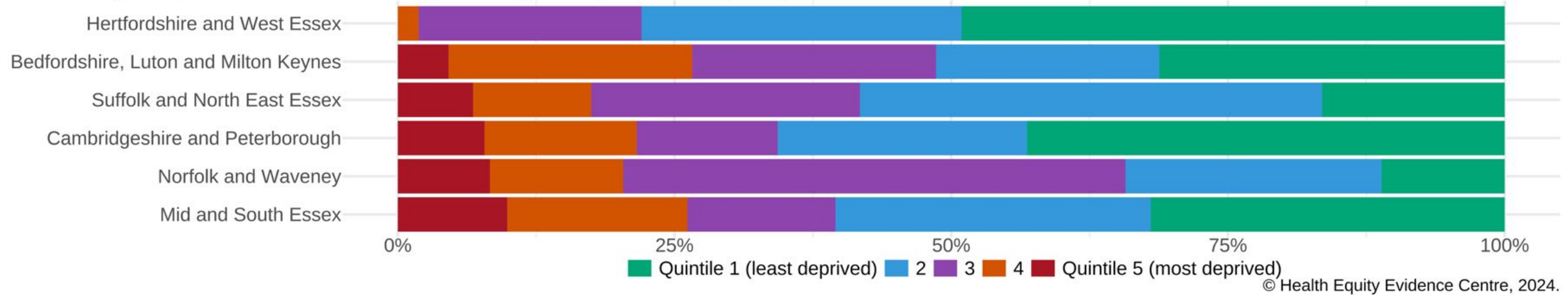
Data from latest period for Norfolk and Waveney

Introduction

- Strong primary care is associated with more equitable health outcomes.
- A key role of commissioners is to ensure the equitable distribution of resources across the system.
- We present the latest NHS primary care data, using Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) to examine inequalities existing in primary care access, experience and outcomes, across the following categories:
 - **Resources (supply):** Payments, Workforce
 - **Population (demand):** Disease prevalence, Health-related behaviours
 - **Service quality:** QOF achievement
 - **Access:** Patient experience, Appointments
 - **Impact on secondary care:** Emergency admissions, A&E attendances
- For further information or to discuss the results, please contact [Dr John Ford](#)

ICB Overview

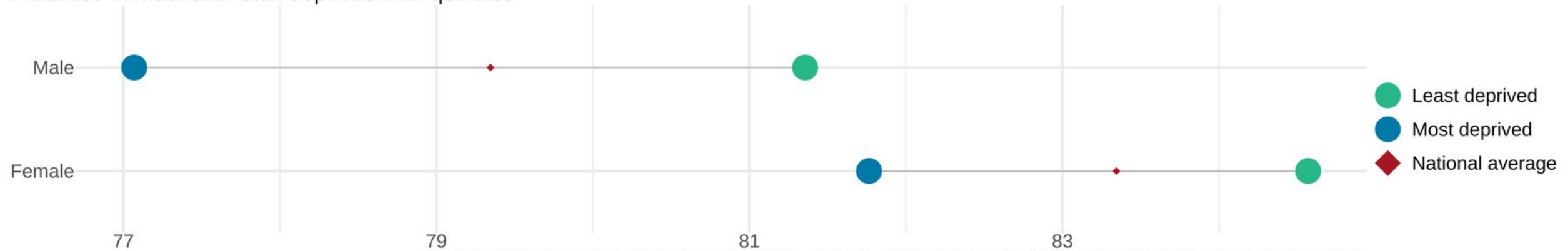
Percentage of practices in each IMD quintile by ICB (East of England)



Each practice in England is assigned an Index of Multiple Deprivation based on the population served, which we divide into deprivation quintiles. 8% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney serve the most deprived quintile of patients in England. If data for the most deprived quintile is missing, we use the second most deprived. If both are missing, we omit the data point from the figure.

Inequality in Life Expectancy

Life expectancy by practice, birth cohort 2016-20 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles

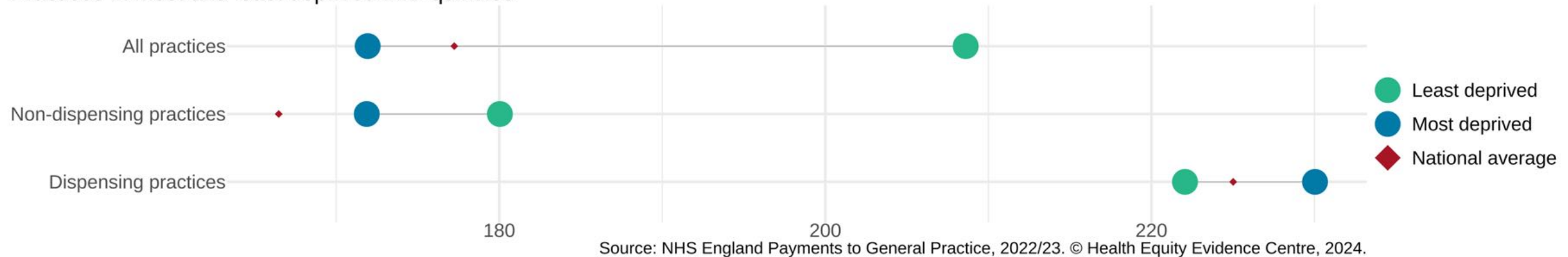


Source: Office for Health Improvements and Disparities National GP Profiles, 2022/23. © Health Equity Evidence Centre, 2024.

Average life expectancy for men is 77.1 in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 81.4 in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in NHS Payments

Mean payment per weighted patient, 2022/23 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles

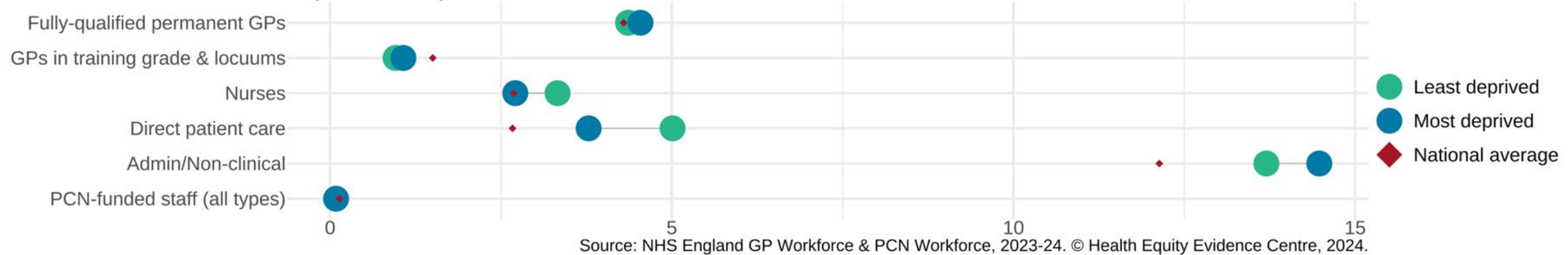


Source: NHS England Payments to General Practice, 2022/23. © Health Equity Evidence Centre, 2024.

Average payment per weighted patient is £171.93 in the most deprived 20% of practices, versus £208.61 in the least deprived 20%. If there are no dispensing practices in the most deprived quintile, we use the second most deprived. If both are missing, we omit the data point from the figure.

Inequality in Workforce

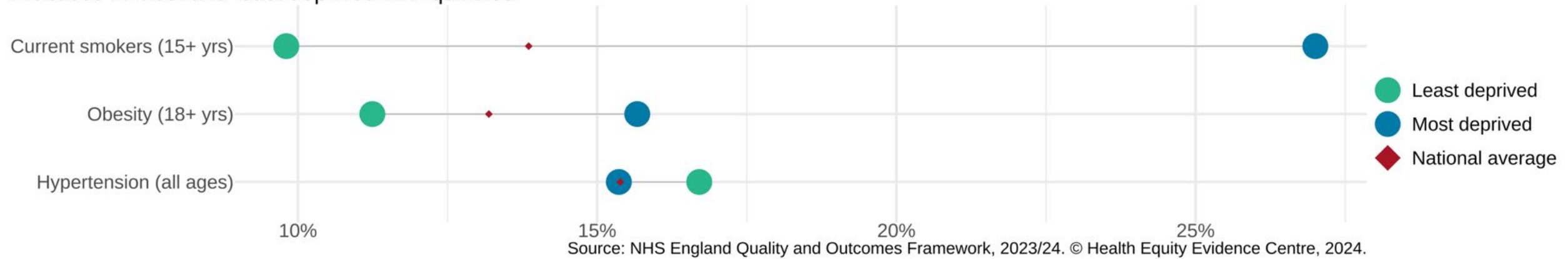
Average staff FTE per 10,000 weighted patients, 2023/24 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



Average fully-qualified GPs FTE per 10,000 weighted patients is 4.5 per weighted patient in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 4.4 in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Health-related Behaviours

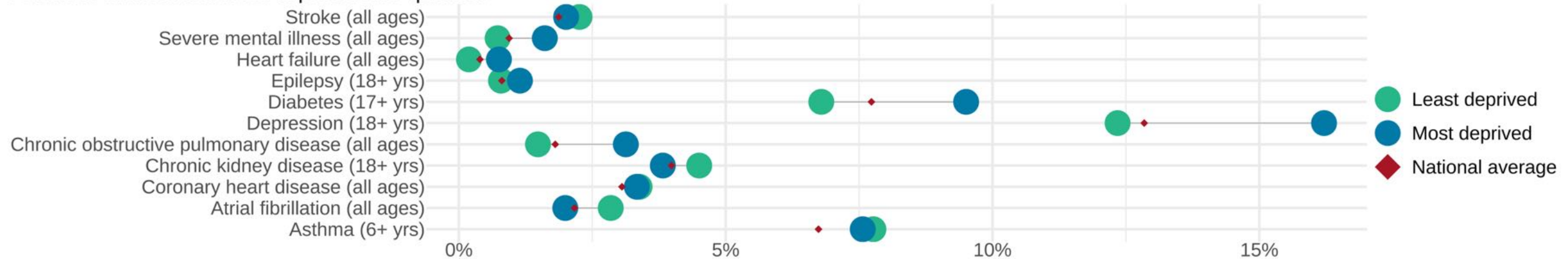
Average prevalence of health-related behaviours, 2024 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



Average prevalence of current smokers (15+ years) is 27% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 9.8% in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Disease Prevalence

Average disease prevalence, 2023 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



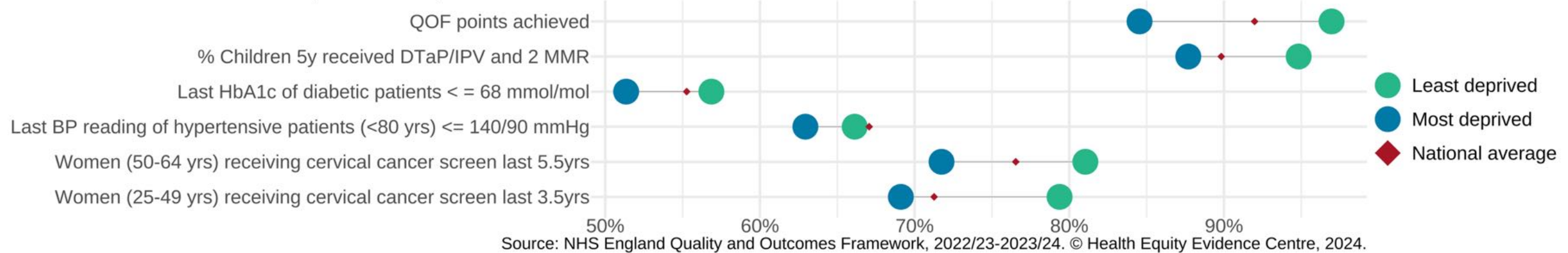
Source: Office for Health Improvements and Disparities National GP Profiles, 2022/23. © Health Equity Evidence Centre, 2024.

Average prevalence of diabetes (17+ years) is 9.5% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 6.8% in the least deprived 20%.

Average prevalence of depression (18+ years) is 16.2% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 12.3% in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Quality of Service

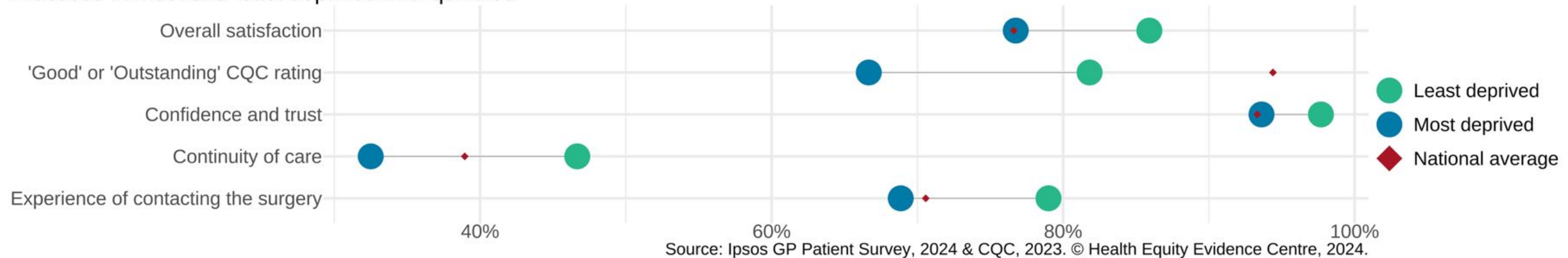
Average % achievement of QOF domains, 2023/24 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



Average QOF points achieved is 84.5% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 97% in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Patient Experience

Average patient experience, 2023/24 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



Average % of practices receiving 'Good' or 'Outstanding' CQC ratings is 66.7% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 81.8% in the least deprived 20%.

Average % of patients describing their overall satisfaction as 'Good' is 76.8% in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 85.9% in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Appointments

Median appointments and DNAs per 10,000 weighted patients, March 2024 (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles

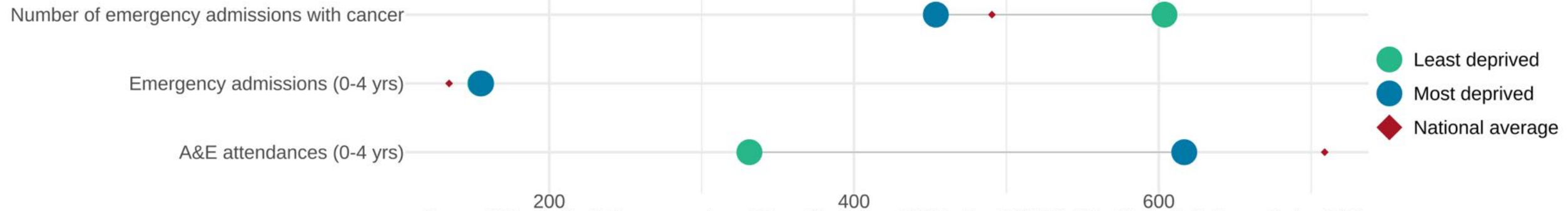


Source: NHS England Appointments in General Practice, 2024. © Health Equity Evidence Centre, 2024.

Average number of Face-to-Face appointments per 10,000 weighted patients is 1489.5 in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 1310.7 in the least deprived 20%.

Inequality in Impact on Secondary Care

Median emergency admissions or A&E attendances, latest period (Norfolk and Waveney)
Practices in most and least deprived IMD quintiles



Source: Office for Health Improvements and Disparities National GP Profiles, 2022/23. © Health Equity Evidence Centre, 2024.

Average number of emergency admissions (0-4 years) is 155.3 in the most deprived 20% of practices in Norfolk and Waveney, versus 154.8 in the least deprived 20%.

Acknowledgements

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- The views expressed in this publication are those of the Health Equity Evidence Centre and not necessarily those of NHS England.